

In collaboration with



Tips for Optimal Breathing

The Foundation: Diaphragmatic Breathing

The single most important tip for healthy breathing is to move from **chest breathing to diaphragmatic (or "belly") breathing**. Most people, especially when stressed, breathe shallowly using their chest and shoulders. This is an inefficient and energy-intensive way to breathe, and it keeps the body in a state of low-grade "fight or flight."

How to Practice Diaphragmatic Breathing:

- 1. **Find a comfortable position:** Lie on your back with your knees slightly bent, or sit up straight in a chair.
- 2. **Place your hands:** Place one hand on your upper chest and the other on your belly, just below your rib cage.
- 3. **Breathe in:** Inhale slowly and deeply through your nose. The goal is to feel the hand on your belly rise while the hand on your chest remains as still as possible. Imagine your belly is a balloon filling with air.
- 4. **Breathe out:** Exhale slowly through your mouth (or nose), gently contracting your stomach muscles to push the air out. The hand on your belly should move inward.
- 5. **Repeat:** Practice this for 5-10 minutes, 3-4 times a day. With regular practice, this will become your default way of breathing.

Benefits of Diaphragmatic Breathing:

- Activates the Vagus Nerve: As mentioned before, this breathing directly stimulates the
 vagus nerve, which activates the parasympathetic nervous system and promotes
 relaxation.
- Strengthens the Diaphragm: The diaphragm is a muscle. Like any muscle, it gets stronger with use, making your breathing more efficient and less effortful.
- Improves Oxygen Exchange: Diaphragmatic breathing allows for a more complete exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide, which can reduce heart rate and blood pressure.
- **Reduces Stress:** By shifting your physiology from a stressed state to a relaxed state, it helps to lower cortisol levels and calm the mind.

Advanced Tips & Techniques

Once participants are comfortable with the basic concept of diaphragmatic breathing, you can introduce these additional tips and simple techniques:

• **Breathe Through Your Nose:** The nose is a remarkable filter and humidifier. It warms and moisturises the air before it reaches the lungs, and it filters out foreign particles.

Breathing through the mouth, especially for extended periods, can dry out the lungs and lead to a less efficient oxygen exchange.

- Focus on a Longer Exhale: A longer exhale is a powerful tool for calming the nervous system. You can easily incorporate this into any breathing practice. For example, inhale for a count of four, and then exhale for a count of six. This simple adjustment signals to the body that it's safe to relax.
- **Try Box Breathing:** This is a simple, effective technique used by military and first responders to stay calm under pressure.
 - o Inhale for a count of four.
 - Hold the breath for a count of four.
 - Exhale for a count of four.
 - Hold the breath for a count of four.
 - Repeat.
- **Mindful Awareness:** The simplest form of healthy breathing is just to pay attention to it. Remind your participants to take a few moments throughout the day to simply notice their breath. This simple act of awareness can be incredibly grounding and can help them identify when they are breathing shallowly.

Practical Application for Your Series

- Start and End with the Breath: Begin and end each session with a few minutes of silent, mindful breathing. This will ground participants and give them a tangible practice to take with them.
- **Incorporate into Movement:** Encourage participants to connect their breath to simple movements, like a gentle stretch. For example, inhale as they reach their arms up, and exhale as they bring them down.
- "Breathe with me" moments: During a session, you can take a pause and say, "Let's all take one slow, deep breath together." This simple gesture can be a powerful way to bring the group into a shared, calming experience.

These tips provide a solid foundation for teaching healthy breathing habits that can have a lasting impact on your participants' physical and mental well-being.